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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
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May 5, 1937.

PLANT-QUARANTINE IMPORT RESTRICTIONS  
OF  
FERNANDO PO AND SPANISH GUINEA



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This digest of the plant-quarantine import restrictions of Fernando Po and Spanish Guinea has been prepared for the information of nurserymen, plant-quarantine officials, and others interested in the exportation of plants and plant products to those Territories.

It was prepared by Harry B. Shaw, Plant Quarantine Inspector, in charge, Foreign Information Service, of the Division of Foreign Plant Quarantines, from the original text of the Royal Order of September 13, 1929.

The information contained in this circular is believed to be correct and complete up to the time of preparation, but it is not intended to be used independently of, nor as a substitute for, the original text, and it is not to be interpreted as legally authoritative.

  
LEE A. STRONG,  
Chief, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine.



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# PLANT-QUARANTINE IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

OF

## FERNANDO PO AND SPANISH GUINEA

(Royal Order of Sept. 13, 1929; Gaceta de Madrid, Sept. 19, 1929)

### Importation of Banana Plants Prohibited

Article 1. The importation into the Spanish Territories of the Gulf of Guinea is prohibited of stems, shoots, rootstocks, etc., intended for the culture of any variety of banana (Musa spp.).

### Importation of Infected Plants Prohibited

Art. 2. The importation of the following is prohibited:

- (a) All kinds of live plants, or parts thereof, including branches, shoots, plants, scions, seeds, roots, tubers, bulbs, rhizomes, leaves, etc., that are invaded by disease or attacked by insects or parasites known to be injurious;
- (b) Live insects injurious to plants; eggs, larvae, pupae, and nymphs of insects;
- (c) Cultures of bacteria and fungi injurious to plants;
- (d) Soil or earth;
- (e) Containers that have been used for the transportation of the above products.

### Authorized Port of Entry and Certificates

Art. 3. The importation of the plants referred to in the preceding article may be effected through the port of Santa Isabel de Fernando Po only, together with a certificate of origin accompanied by one issued by the Agronomic Laboratory of the country of origin, affirming that no diseases exist on the varieties imported.



#### Inspection on Arrival

Art. 4. The Governor-General shall be able to arrange for a new examination by the Agronomic Laboratory of plants thus introduced, and if they are found to be harmful, their destruction will be effected without right of indemnity, and a fine of 1,000 to 10,000 pesetas will be imposed by the Governor-General.